High Speed Tank Inspection Tool

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High Speed Screening Tool proven at PNNL Tank Mock-Up

- EMAT Crawler
- Dry (No Water)
- Large Area Screened
- Square Foot sec
- Thickness Gage can be added
- "P" Scan Compatible



High Speed = Large Area

- Lamb Wave can travel long distance
- Inspect area between two transducers
- Through Transmission offers high sensitivity

Lamb Wave Inspection

Transmitter Receiver

Volume Inspected

- High Volume = High Speed
- Large Area covered in a single scan

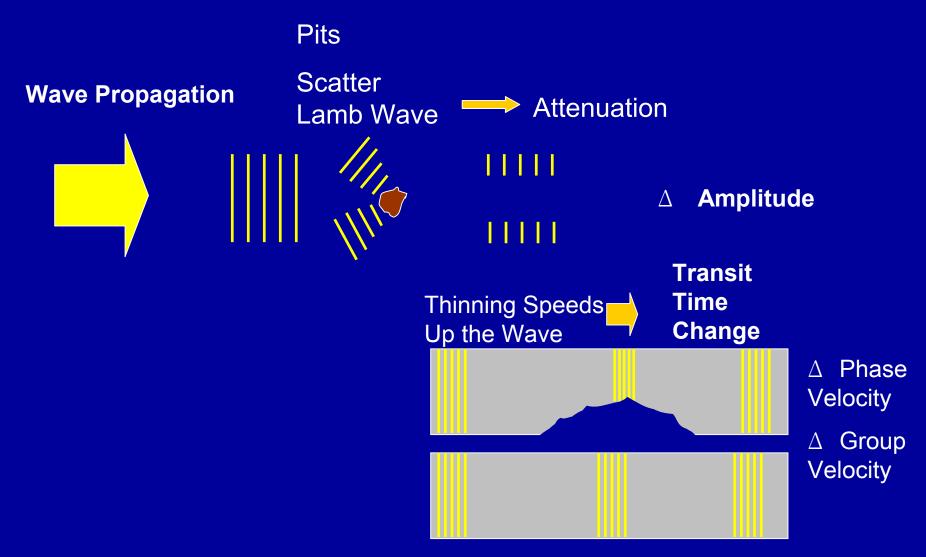
High Speed Screening

- Volumetric Inspection
 General Corrosion has large effect
- Isolated Pitting has small effect
- Large Distance between transducers Possible
- Corrosion Severity determines maximum transducer distance

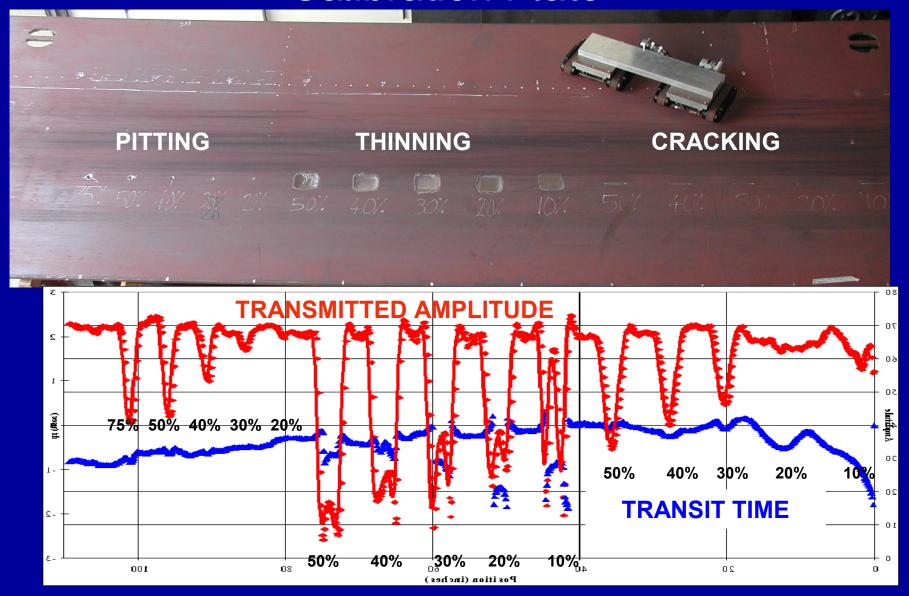


Sensitivity increases with shorter transducer distance

Geometry Affects Lamb Wave



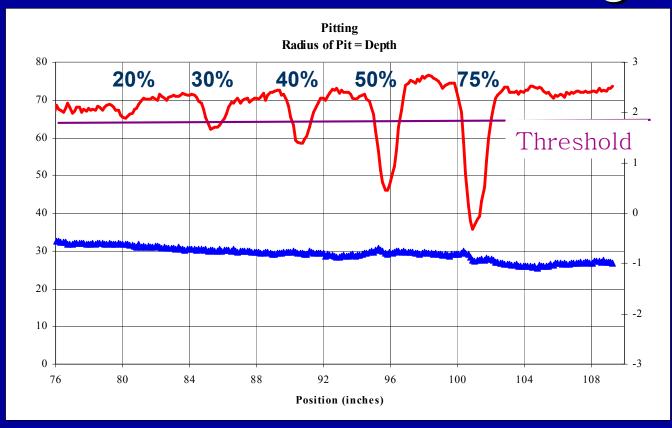
Calibration Plate



Feature Identification

- Amplitude change shows beam disturbance:
 - Isolated Pit
 - Steep sided shape
- Velocity (time) change shows Volume loss
 - General Corrosion, wall loss
- Velocity change + Amplitude change
 - Thinning and pitting
 - Wall loss with coarse features

Qualification for Pitting



Detection Sensitivity Adequate for Pits at 13" Path Length

- Pitting detected by amplitude change
- Specification
 - Min Reportable Pit @25%
 - Rejectable Pit = 50%
- 6:1 Signal to Noise for 50% pit
- S/N depends on nominal condition

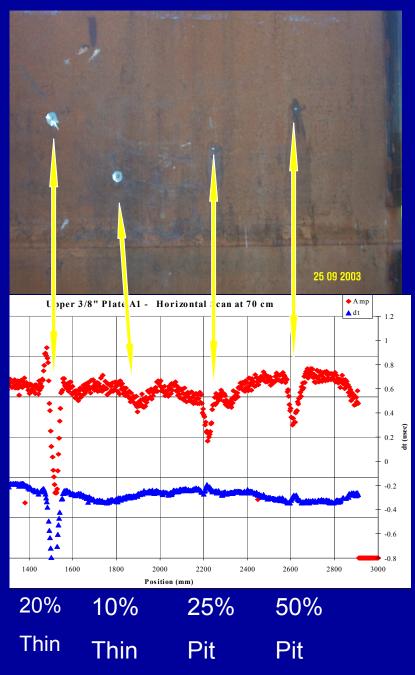
High Sensitivity to Thinning

- Thinning makes the guided wave speed up.
- 10% thinning clearly evident
- Velocity absolutely confirms
 volume loss, Reliable Inspection

PNNL Double Wall Storage Tank Mock-Up



PNNL Blind Test Results



Simple Data Interpretation

#	Feature	Depth	Size
В	Thinning	20%	4x5 cm
С	Thinning	10%	4x4 cm
D	PIT	25%	1cm dia
Ε	PIT	50%	1cm dia

PNNL Blind Test Results

Inspection Requirements

Feature	Reportable	Action Required
Pitting	25%	50%
Thinning	10%	20%

- ✓ All features were found.
- ✓ 25% pitting was clearly detected in all cases
- ▼ Thinning performance exceeded requirement
- ✓ Additional Grinding feature detected which was not known to be present until inspection was performed

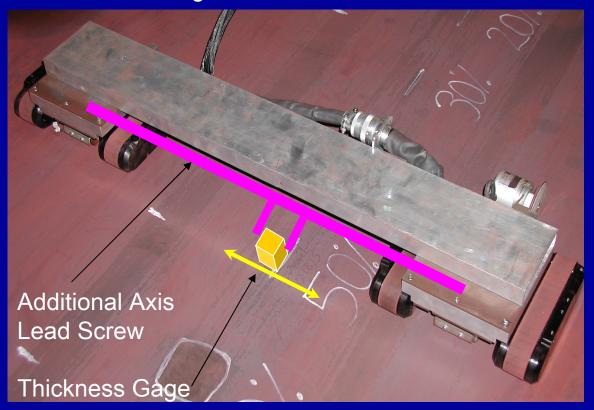
13" Swath Inspected at Scan Speed

- FAST ECONOMICAL
- 2 Tractors propel and steer with great mobility
- Can drive over welds
- Horizontal Scans can be the longest economical
- Constant elevation scans provide efficient repeatable mapping



Add Thickness Gage for Quantification

- ☐ Screen with Lamb Wave
- Quantify with Thickness Gage "B" Scan
- ☐ Thickness Gage could be EMAT or Piezo



Variant of this scanner has been used to inspect tanks





NOTE: Any Crawler should have a safety rope

Tractor Treads Effectively Crawl over welds





- □Welds can be inspected in through transmission.
- □Consistency of weld determines resolution of inspection

Crawler drives around curved bottom



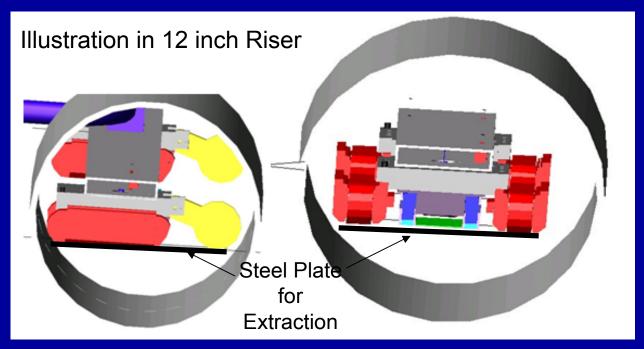
Inspecting the curve as it travels

Original Delivery Concept

- 1: Drive into Tank through Access Port
- 2: Rotate Treads
- 3: Scan large areas fast
- Super Maneuverability



Deliver Tool on Steel Plate Through Riser



- Insert tool on a steel plate
- Tool drives off onto the tank wall
- □ Removed by driving crawler onto the plate
- ☐ Lift plate and crawler out of riser
- ☐ Magnetic crawler attachment only sticks to the plate
- □ Steel plate shields the magnetic attraction from the riser or other obstacles.

Navigation Issue

- Laser Elevation line to follow
 - Manual or Automatic line following
- Inclinometer on crawler for driving straight
- Ultrasonic Range finder
 - Referencing tank top or bottom
- ?? To be determined

Implementation Path

- Refine Scanner for accurate and repeatable navigation
- Integrate thickness gage or "P" scan onto crawler Screen and Quantify
- Approve Equipment for annulus insertion
- Compose/Document Inspection Procedure
- Acceptance Test of Entire System and Procedure
 - Identify Train Qualify Inspectors
 - Certification of tool and inspectors
 - Performance Demonstration Test
 - Inspect Tanks

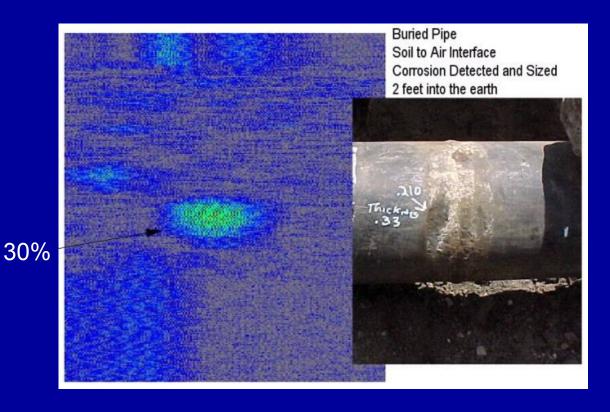
AXUS Tool for Inaccessible areas

- Pulse Echo Mode
- Reflects from corrosion / thinning
- Detects cracking IF oriented correctly
- Application to knuckle and floor areas

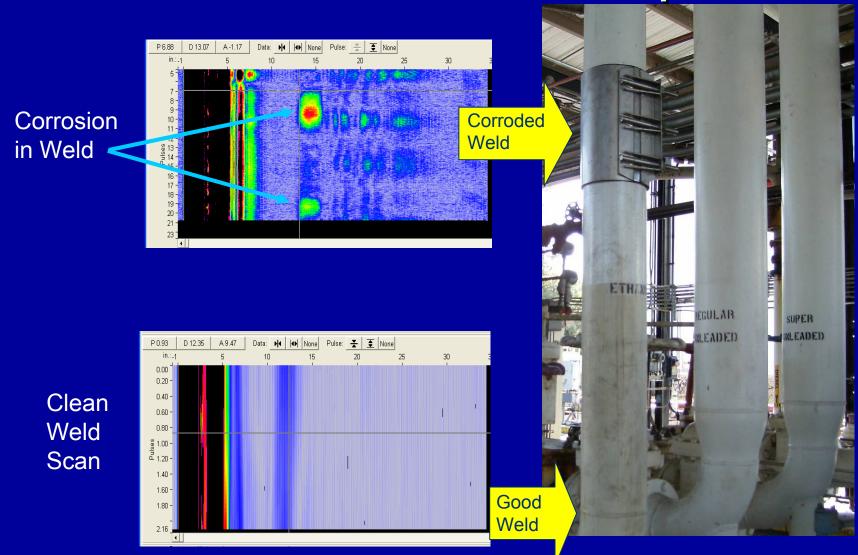


Pulse Echo Axial Guided Wave Inspection

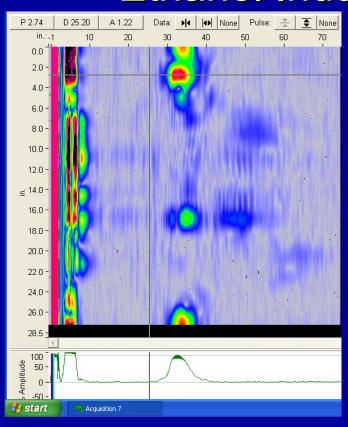
- Acoustic Feeler Gauge
- Detect
- Image
- Quantify remaining wall



Weld under a clamp



Welds Under Insulation Ethanol Induced Corrosion in HAZ





Quantitative sizing is only possible with a complete characterization on similar geometry.

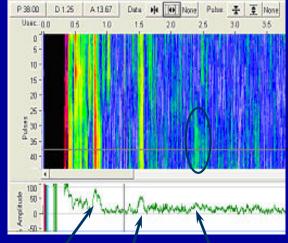
As would be required with PZT Shear wave scanning with complete access to the weld.

AXUS Corrosion Detection

- Scanning the EMAT Axial Ultrasound Transducer
- Provides an IMAGE of the corrosion







0.8' 1.5' 2.5' Flange Weld Corrosion

Extend the Inspection REACH of a bell hole



Depth of Buried Structures



Depth of corrugated steel dam extending into the earth was measured to be 4 meters deep.

Corrosion in direct buried angle iron legs of Power Line Towers detected 2 m deep.



EMATs offer many Possibilities

- No Couplant
 - No additional waste produced
- Easily Automated
 - Reliable transduction over rough surfaces
 - High Speed Screening of Tank Wall
 - Quantitative thickness mapping
 - Inaccessible crack & corrosion detection

Summary: EMATs offer many possible solutions

Inspection and Crawler are Ready

- Steering provided by independent tractor control
- Scan in any orientation to isolate and identify indications
- Encoder provides positional accuracy
- Compliments current "P" scan tool
- •1st Quick Survey
- •2nd Slow Quantification



Pitting Thinning & Cracking



- Detects Pitting, and Thinning
- Relative Sizing: Finds the "Worst" area... FAST!
- Quantitative analysis performed by additional scan with a Thickness Gage